

HW3, due to 4/14/2021

Exercise 1. A T_2 -space is T_4 if and only if for any open set U and closed set A with $A \subseteq U$, there exists an open set V such that $A \subseteq V \subseteq \bar{V} \subseteq U$.

Exercise 2. Show that $(\mathbf{R}, \mathcal{T}_{\text{pp}})$ is not Lindelöf but $(\mathbf{R}, \mathcal{T}_{\text{ep}})$ is Lindelöf. Here for the definitions of \mathcal{T}_{pp} and \mathcal{T}_{ep} , see HW2.

Exercise 3 (Bonus). Recall the definition of presheaves in HW2. A presheaf \mathcal{F} of sets (resp. Abelian groups) is a **sheaf** if it satisfies the following conditions:

- (iii) Let $s, t \in \mathcal{F}(U)$. If there is an open cover $\{U_i\}_{i \in I}$ of U such that $s|_{U_i} = t|_{U_i}$, then $s = t$;
- (iv) If $\{U_i\}_{i \in I}$ is an open cover of U and $s_i \in \mathcal{F}(U_i)$ are some sections satisfying $s_i|_{U_i \cap U_j} = s_j|_{U_i \cap U_j}$, then there exists a section $s \in \mathcal{F}(U)$ such that $s|_{U_i} = s_i$.

Show that a presheaf \mathcal{F} of Abelian groups is a sheaf if and only if for any open cover $\{U_i\}_{i \in I}$ of any open subset $U \subseteq X$, the sequence

$$0 \longrightarrow \mathcal{F}(U) \xrightarrow{\alpha} \prod_{i \in I} \mathcal{F}(U_i) \xrightarrow{\beta} \prod_{(i,j) \in I \times I} \mathcal{F}(U_i \cap U_j)$$

is exact, that is, α is an injective homomorphism and $\mathbf{Ker}(\beta) = \mathbf{Im}(\alpha)$, where

$$\alpha(s) := \prod_{i \in I} s|_{U_i}, \quad \beta \left(\prod_{i \in I} s_i \right) = \prod_{(i,j) \in I \times I} (s_j|_{U_i \cap U_j} - s_i|_{U_i \cap U_j}).$$